

*In Book 8 of his *Aeneid* Vergil famously describes Aeneas' shield. Having given a number of rather brief sketches of other scenes from Roman history, the poet now turns to the event for which he has reserved pride of place: the Battle of Actium.*

haec inter tumidi late maris ibat imago
aurea, sed fluctu spumabant caerula cano,
et circum argento clari delphines in orbem
aequora uerrebant caudis aestumque secabant.
in medio classis aeratas, Actia bella, 675
cernere erat, totumque instructo Marte uideres
feruere Leucaten auroque effulgere fluctus.
hinc Augustus agens Italos in proelia Caesar
cum patribus populoque, penatibus et magnis dis,
stans celsa in puppi, geminas cui tempora flamas 680
laeta uomunt patriumque aperitur uertice sidus.
parte alia uentis et dis Agrippa secundis
arduuus agmen agens, cui, belli insigne superbum,
tempora nauali fulgent rostrata corona.
hinc ope barbarica uariisque Antonius armis, 685
uictor ab Aurora populis et litore rubro,
Aegyptum uirisque Orientis et ultima secum
Bactra uehit, sequiturque (nefas) Aegyptia coniunx.
una omnes ruere ac totum spumare reductis
conuulsum remis rostrisque tridentibus aequor. 690
alta petunt; pelago credas innare reuulsas
Cycladas aut montis concurrere montibus altos,
tanta mole uiri turritis pupibus instant.
stuppea flamma manu telisque uolatile ferrum
spargitur, arua noua Neptunia caede rubescunt. 695



(“The Battle of Actium”, Lorenzo A. Castro, 1672)

GLOSSES

- 672: caerulus, caerula, caerulum = caeruleus, caerulea, caeruleum: *supply* “maria”
canus, cana, canum: “white”
- 673: argentum, argenti, n.: “silver”
delphin, delphinis, m. *infer*
- 674: cauda, caudae, f. “tail”
- 675: aeratus, aerata, aeratum < aes, aeris, n. *infer*
Actium, Actii n.: name of a town
- 677: Leucate: *a location, declined as a Greek noun* gen. Leucates, acc. Leucaten
effulgo, effulgere, effulsi, --- < ex + fulgo, fulgere, fulsi, fulsum *infer*
- 680: tempus, temporis, n.: here the body’s timepiece, i.e. “temple, side of the head”
- 681: vomo, vomere, vomui, vomitum (cf. “to vomit”) *infer*
patrius, patria, patrium < pater, patris, m. *infer*
- 684: navalis, navale < navis, navis, f. (cf. “naval”, “navy”) *infer*
rostratus, rostrata, rostratum “decorated with miniature beaks of ships”
- 685: barbaricus, barbarica, barbaricum = barbarus, barbara, barbarum
- 687: Aegyptus, Aegypti, f.: “Egypt”
- 688: Bactra, Bactrorum, n.: *a city*
- 689: reduco, reducere, reduxi, reductum < re + duco, ducere, duxi, ductum *infer*
- 690: convello, convellere, convelli, consulsum < con + vello, vellere, velli/vulsi, vulsum (cf.
convulsion) *infer*
rostrum, rostri, n.: “ship’s beak”
- 691: tridens, tridentis, m. < tres, tria + dens, dentis, m. *infer*
inno, innare, ---, --- < in + no, nare, navi, --- *infer*
revello, revellere, revelli/revulsi, revulsum < re + vello, vellere, vulsi, vulsum
Cyclades, Cycladum, f.: *a group of islands, declined as a Greek noun* acc. pl. Cycladas
- 693: turritus, turrita, turritum < turris, turris, f. *infer*
- 694: stuppeus, stuppea, stuppeum: “feeding on tow”
- 695: volatilis, volatile < volo, volare, volavi, volatum (cf. volatile) *infer*
rubesco, rubescere, rubescui, --- < ruber, rubra, rubrum *infer*, noting that verbs in “-sco”
often express the beginning of an action